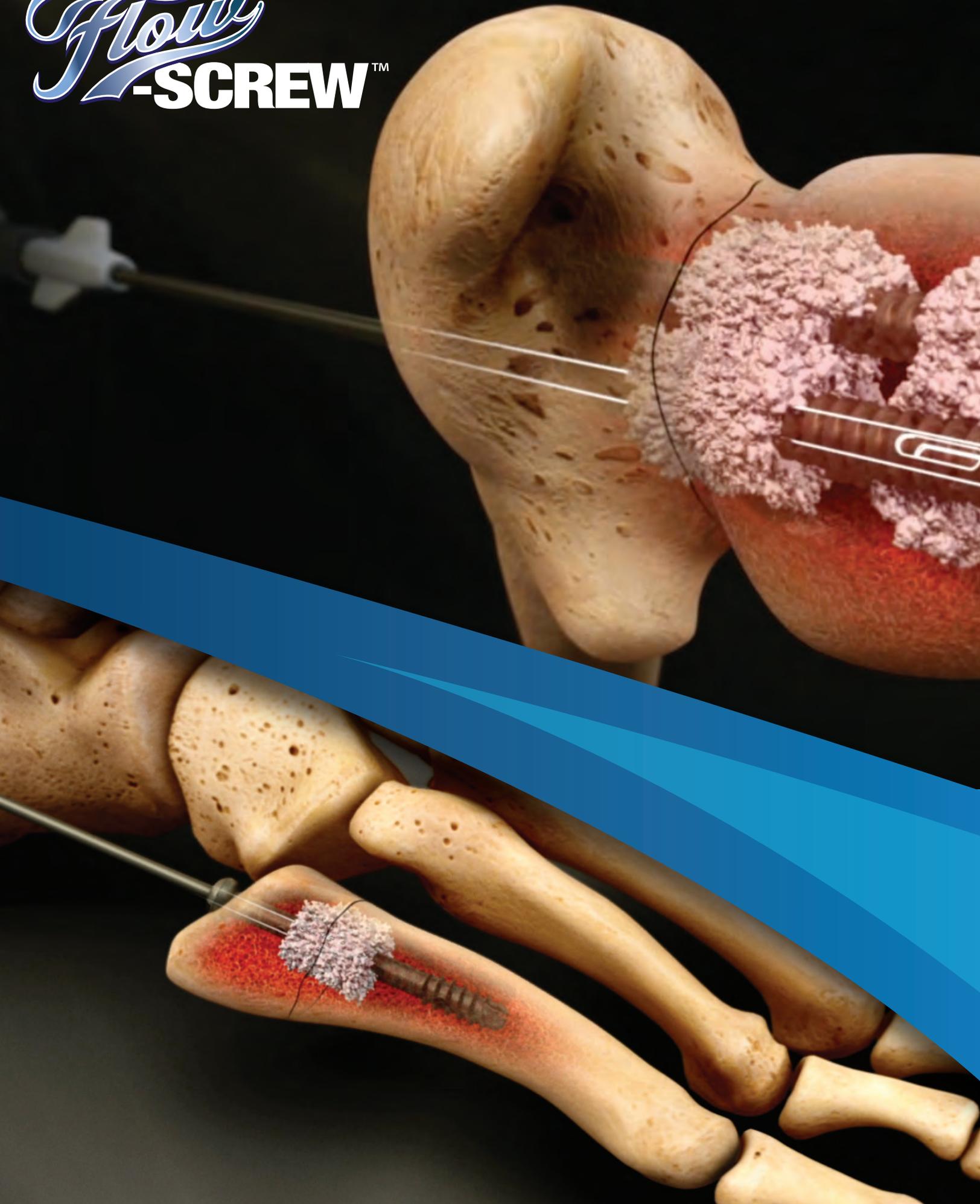


# *Flow* **-SCREW™**

## *Surgical Technique Guide*



# Flow -SCREW™



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# Implant OVERVIEW

**Washer**

13mm



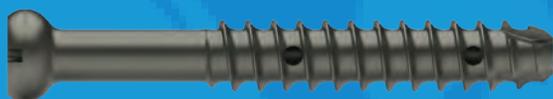
**6.5mm, Partially Threaded - Short**

30-150mm (5mm Increments)



**7.3mm, Partially Threaded - Short**

30-150mm (5mm Increments)



**6.5mm, Partially Threaded - Long**

45-150mm (5mm Increments)



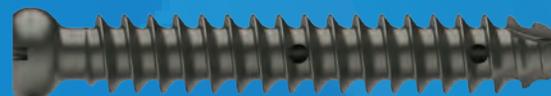
**7.3mm, Partially Threaded - Long**

45-150mm (5mm Increments)



**6.5mm, Fully Threaded**

20-60mm (5mm Increments)



**7.3mm, Fully Threaded**

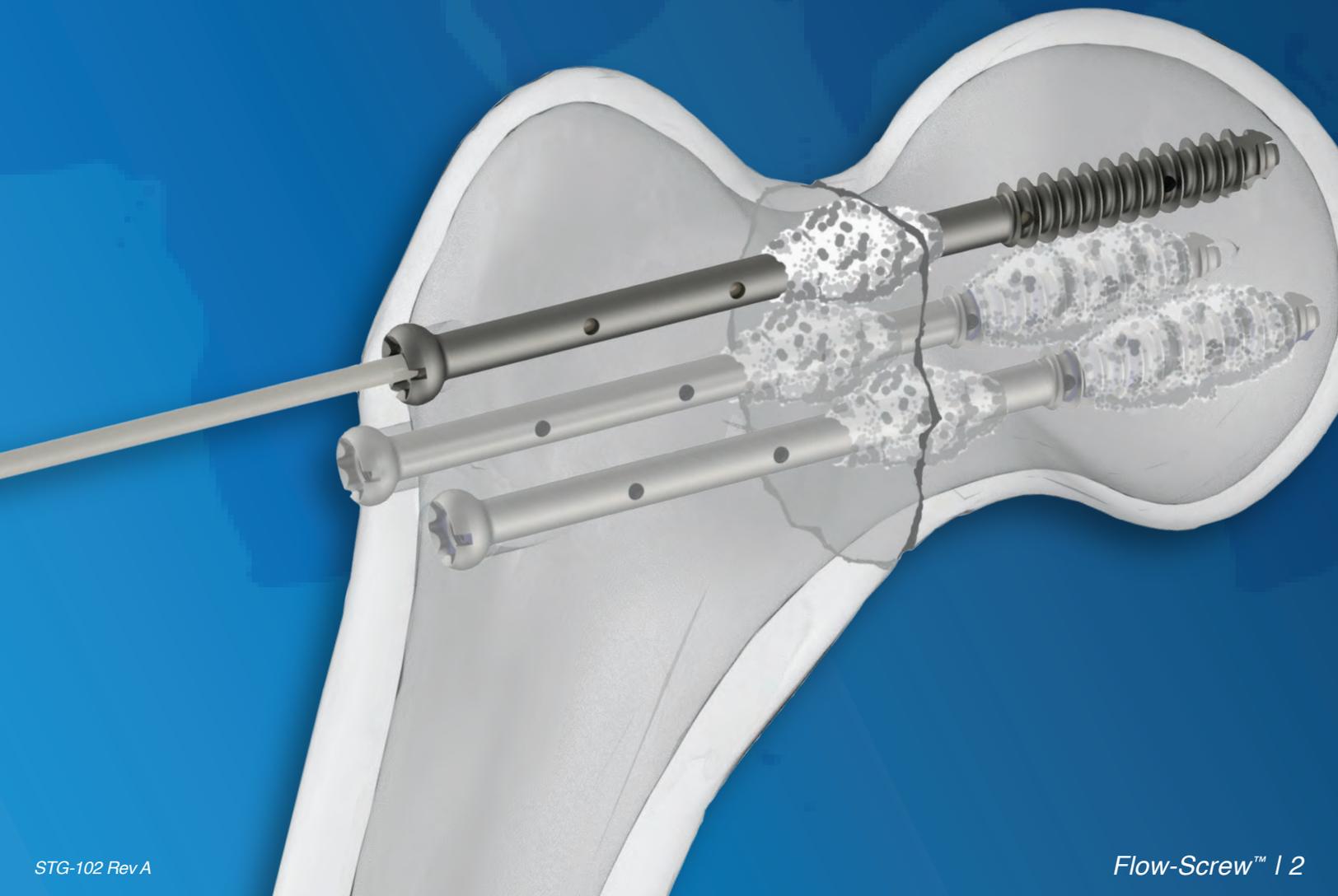
20-60mm (5mm Increments)



## Features & BENEFITS

The Biologics Era has officially begun, allowing dramatic alterations in orthopedic fracture care, just in time to address the steadily rising number of osteoporotic fractures as well as complex non-healing fractures.

- The patented Flow-Screw System with the **Flow-Fx Side-Port Cannula** enables precise delivery of bone void filler throughout the body.
- Cannulated, fenestrated screws available in 7.3mm, 6.5mm, 5.5mm, 4.5mm and 3.5mm in **partially threaded and fully threaded** versions.
- Aggressive thread and **wide range of lengths** make it appropriate for most situations.
- A capable stand-alone fixation system, **Flow-Screw can work alongside other systems** for improved outcomes.



# *Surgical* TECHNIQUE



**Cannulated Screw Sheath**



**Parallel Guide-Wire Guide**



**Multiple Guide-Wire Guide**



**Angled Guide-Wire Guide**



**Washer Sheath**



**T-Handle**



**Driver Handle**



**Side-Port Cannula**



***SPC Plunger***



***Threaded Guide-wire***



***Guide-Wire Guide***



***Trocar Guide-Wire Guide***



***Screw-Length Gauge***



***Drill, Cannulated***



***Tap, Cannulated***



***Screw Driver***



***Screw Driver Bolt***

## Fracture Reduction

1. Reduce the fracture as required.

## Cannulated Screw Prep

2. Determine the screw diameter proper for the indication. (Some instruments vary with screw diameter)
  - Sets include 3.5, 4.5, 5.5, 6.5, and 7.3mm diameter screws of varying lengths and thread length.

Screw Diameter (mm)	Guide-wire Diameter (mm)	Pilot hole (mm)	Guide-wire	Drill	Taps	Cannula
3.5	1.5	2.4	102-30-00	102-01-00	102-02-00	102-50-00
4.5	1.5	3.0	102-30-00	102-01-01	102-02-01	102-50-00
5.5	2.0	3.6	102-30-01	102-01-02	102-02-02	102-50-01
6.5	2.8	4.8	102-30-02	102-01-03	102-02-03	102-50-02
7.3	2.8	4.8	102-30-02	102-01-03	102-02-04	102-50-02

3. Incise for the cannulated screw.
  - The incision will be approximately 2cm.



Parallel Guide-Wire Guide



Angle Guide



Multiple Guide-Wire Guide



4. Install the cannulated screw guide-wire.
  - Choose the correct guide-wire for the screw diameter.
  - Choose the correct guide-wire guide for the application.
  - Drive the guide-wire through the guide using a surgical drill with guide-wire attachment until the proper depth is reached (using fluoroscopy as needed).
  - Remove the guide-wire guide when complete.

## ***Cannulated Screw Prep (cont)***

### 5. Measure the cannulated screw length.

- Measure the distance from the tip of the guide-wire to the bone surface by sliding the cannulated screw length gauge over the guide-wire until it contacts the bone and reading the number adjacent to the back end of the guide-wire.
- Remove cannulated screw length gauge when complete.



### 6. Drill the cannulated screw.

- Attach the correct size drill bit to the surgical drill.
- Drill to the desired depth.
- Remove the cannulated screw drill.



### 7. Tap for the cannulated screw (optional).

- Attach the T-Handle to the correct size tap
- Tap over the guide-wire.
- Remove the tap.



### **Cannulated Screw Placement**

8. Install the cannulated Flow-Screw.

- Fasten the correct diameter and length cannulated Flow-Screw to the correct cannulated screw driver.
- Attach the Driver Handle (or the T-Handle) to the driver.
- Install the cannulated Flow-Screw.
- Remove the Handle (or optionally remove the entire driver/fastener).
- Remove the guide-wire.



Washer Sheath Option

### **Cannulated Flow Screw - Delivery of Bone Void Filler (BVF)**

9. Prepare the BVF. The Flow-Screw can also be used for the delivery of injectable bone void fillers capable of being delivered via a 16 gauge needle.

- Prepare the BVF per the manufacturer's instructions.
- Attach BVF syringe to the side-port cannula when complete.

## **Cannulated Flow Screw - Delivery of BVF (cont)**

10. Dispense the BVF.

- Insert the side-port cannula into the driver/ fastener (or directly into the screw head cannulation).
- Slide the side-port cannula in until the tip is just past the void to be filled. The depth of the side-port cannula can be judged under imaging as the cannula is radiopaque. The BVF will flow out of the side-port cannula in all directions in the vicinity of the tip and into the void through the nearest fenestrations in the screw.



11. Plunge the BVF (5.5/6.5/7.3mm only).

- Remove the syringe and replace it with the side-port plunger.
- Dispense the BVF that remains in the cannula by pressing the plunger forward until it comes to the end of the cannula.
- Remove the side-port plunger and side-port cannula.

## **Close**

12. Remove the driver/fastener (if present).

13. Clean the BVF from the cannulated screw head and bone exterior.

14. Close.

# Flow-Screw™ Cannulated Screw System

## Instructions for Use

### Description

The Flow-FX Flow-Screw is designed as a Cannulated Screw system for the fixation of a variety of fractures and is composed of a cortical screw and accompanying instruments. The Flow-Screw can also be used for the delivery of injectable bone void fillers capable of being delivered via a 16 gauge needle. The Flow-Screw is not designed to be coupled to other metal implants.

### INDICATIONS

The Flow-Screw is intended for the fixation of bone fractures and bone reconstructions. When used for these indications, the Flow-Screw can also be used to deliver injectable bone void fillers to a surgical site to treat fractures throughout the skeletal anatomy as deemed appropriate by the surgeon.

### MATERIALS

The Flow-Screw implant components are made of titanium alloy (Ti-6Al-4V) conforming to ASTM F136 or stainless steel conforming to ASTM F138 or ASTM F2229.

### CONTRAINDICATIONS

- Insufficient quantity or quality of bone, conditions that retard healing (not including pathological fractures) and conditions causing poor blood supply.
- Foreign body sensitivity. Where material sensitivity is suspected, appropriate tests should be made and sensitivity ruled out prior to implantation.
- Any active or suspected latent infection or marked local inflammation in or about the affected area.
- Compromised vascularity that would inhibit adequate blood supply to the fracture or the operative site.
- Material sensitivity documented or suspected.
- Patients having inadequate tissue coverage over the operative site.
- Implant utilization that would interfere with anatomical structures or physiological performance.
- Any mental or neuromuscular disorder which would create an unacceptable risk of fixation failure or complications in postoperative care.
- Other medical or surgical conditions which would preclude the potential benefit of surgery.
- Spinal fracture fixation.
- Use with Polymethyl methacrylate (PMMA)



### WARNINGS

- For professional use only.
- Do not use this system without fully reading the instructions for use.
- The surgeon should be familiar with the general principles and technique of treating fractures using cannulated screws.
- The surgeon should be familiar with the general principles and technique of delivering bone void filler using the Flow-Screw system. The bone void filler must be used within the timeframe designated in its labeling.
- Surgeons should follow the surgical technique.
- Selection of the correct screw diameter and length is very important. Determination of the alignment of the fractured bones should be done using fluoroscopy and/or designated gauges.
- Patients should be cautioned against significant load bearing prior to good callus formation. Patients who are either noncompliant or predisposed to delayed union or non-union, must have auxiliary support.
- Periodic x-rays are recommended for at least six months to detect any changes in position, nonunion, loosening, bending or cracking of components.
- Patients should be cautioned that even after complete healing there is a higher risk for re-fractures while the screw is in position.
- Postoperative care and physical therapy should be structured to prevent excessive loading of the operated extremity.
- The implant system has not been evaluated for safety and compatibility in the MR environment, nor has it been tested for heating or migration in the MR environment.
- Most parts, excepting specially packaged disposable kits, are delivered non-sterile. These must be sterilized prior to surgery in accordance with the Sterilization Section.
- Flow-Screw is not indicated for fixation or attachment to the posterior elements (pedicles) of the cervical, thoracic, or lumbar spine.
- Flow-Screw implants should only be used for delivery of bone void fillers that have been validated for use with the device.



### PRECAUTIONS/INSPECTION

- The Flow-Screw implants, the guide-wire and the Side Port Cannula for the application of bone void filler are one time use. The Side Port Cannula and Guidewire will be disposed of in accordance with local requirements. The implants are intended to remain in the patient.
- The Flow-Screw Instrument set, with exception of the Side Port Cannula and Trocar-Tipped

Guide-Wire, is intended to be reusable and will be cleaned and sterilized in accordance with the Sterilization Section.

- The Side Port Cannula has been demonstrated to survive 5 steam sterilization cycles but should be examined for structural integrity before use.
- Proper handling and storage of the system components is mandatory. Damage or alterations may produce stresses and cause defects, which could become the focal point for failure.
- All implants and instruments must be inspected prior to use for any damage. Do not use if damage exceeds normal standards for implants and instruments.

### ADVERSE EFFECTS

The adverse events include but are not limited to:

- Implants may migrate, cause pain or stress shield bone even after a fracture has healed.
- Pain, discomfort, nerve or soft tissue damage etc.
- Metal sensitivity or allergies.
- Trauma.
- A pulmonary embolism may result from using this implant with an injectable bone void filler.

### STERILITY

The Side Port Cannula and the Trocar-Tipped Guide-Wires are single use instruments and should be discarded after each use.

### Cleaning

#### Scope

These cleaning instructions apply to the orthopedic surgical implants and instruments used to prepare the bone and implant the Flow-Screw Cannulated Screw implant set. The Side Port Cannula and the Trocar-Tipped Guide-Wires are single use instruments and should be discarded after each use.

Both the Implants and the Instruments are contained in the same case/tray. The Implants are further contained within the case in a screw caddy. The intent is to clean the implants within their caddy separately from the instruments. Implant cleaning may be automated. Instruments are recommended to be cleaned manually.



### Warnings and Limitations

Automated cleaning may not be effective. A thorough, manual cleaning process is recommended.

Cleaning agents with chlorine or chloride as the active ingredient are corrosive to stainless steel and must not be used. Enzymatic and cleaning

agents with neutral pH are recommended.

Repeated processing, according to these instructions, has minimal effect on Flow-Screw reusable manual instruments. End of life is normally determined by wear and damage due to use.

#### Instructions at Point of Use

Separate any nested instruments and disassemble any instruments that can be disassembled without using tools. There are no instruments that will require disassembly using tools. Please refer to the surgical tray graphics for the expected state of disassembly.

Remove excess body fluids and tissue with a disposable, non-shedding wipe and cover with a damp cloth or submerge in a basin of sterile water. Body fluids and tissue should not be allowed to dry on instruments prior to cleaning.

#### Containment/Transportation

Universal precautions for handling contaminated/bio-hazardous materials should be observed.

Instruments and implants should be cleaned within 30 minutes of use to minimize the potential for drying prior to cleaning.

#### Manual Cleaning Procedure

1. Prepare neutral pH enzyme and cleaning agents at the use-dilution and temperature recommended by the manufacturer.
2. Completely submerge the instrument in enzyme solution and allow it to soak for 20 minutes. Use a soft-bristled brush to gently clean the device (paying close attention to all threads, crevices and other hard-to-clean areas) until all visible soil has been removed. Any instruments with lumens or cannulas should be cleaned with a long, narrow, soft-bristled brush (i.e. pipe cleaner brush). The enzyme solution should be changed when it becomes grossly contaminated.
3. Remove the device from the enzyme solution and rinse in purified water (from one or any combination of the following processes: ultra-filter, RO, DI and/or distilled) for a minimum of 3 minutes. Thoroughly flush lumens, holes and other difficult to reach areas.
4. Prepare the neutral pH cleaning (detergent) solution and place in a sonication unit.
5. Completely submerge device in cleaning solution and sonicate for 10 minutes, preferably at 45-50 kHz.
6. Rinse instrument in purified water (from one or any combination of the following processes: ultra-filter, RO, DI and/or distilled) thoroughly for at least 3 minutes

or until there is no sign of blood or soil in the rinse stream.

7. Repeat steps 5 and 6 with freshly prepared cleaning solution until the instruments are thoroughly clean.
8. Dry instrument with a clean, disposable, absorbent, non-shedding wipe.

#### Automated Cleaning Procedure

Automated washer/disinfector systems are not recommended as the sole cleaning method for complex surgical instruments. These instruments should be cleaned following the manual cleaning procedure above. An automated system may be used as a follow-up method but is not required.

Automated washer/disinfector systems are recommended for cleaning the Flow-Screw implants within their screw caddy. For effective automated cleaning of the screw caddy, remove the tray cover, remove the removable screw caddies.

#### Disinfection

Disinfection is only acceptable as an adjunct to full sterilization for reusable surgical instruments. See sterilization section below.

#### Inspection/Function Testing

1. Carefully inspect each instrument and implant to ensure that there is no visible contamination and that all visible blood and soil has been removed. If visible contamination is evident, repeat the Manual Cleaning Procedure above.
2. Visually inspect for damage and/or wear, corrosion, pitting, discoloration or separation of parts. If there is any evidence of damage, do not use the instrument or implant.
3. Check the action of moving parts (such as hinges and box-locks) to ensure smooth operation throughout the intended range of motion.
4. Check instruments with long slender features (particularly rotating instruments) for distortion.
5. When instruments form part of a larger assembly, check that the devices assemble readily with mating components..

#### Inspection/Function Testing Failure

If an instrument fails inspection or a functional test due to improper cleaning, repeat the cleaning procedure. If the instrument continues to fail after repeated cleanings, discard the instrument.

If an instrument fails inspection or a functional test due to wear or damage, discard the instrument.

#### Maintenance

Lubricate hinges, threads and other moving parts with a commercial water-based surgical grade instrument lubricant (such as instrument milk) to reduce friction and wear.

#### Packaging

1. Individually – a standard polyethylene/Tyvek (or equivalent) sterilization pouch of the appropriate size may be used for single instruments. Ensure

that the pack is large enough to contain the instrument without stressing the seals or tearing the packaging.

2. In Sets - sets of instruments may be loaded into dedicated instrument trays or general purpose sterilization trays for sterilization. If applicable, use standard medical grade steam sterilization wrap following the AAMI wrap method (ANSI/AAMI ST79-2010).

#### Sterilization

##### Scope

Both the implants within their caddies and the instruments are intended to be sterilized together in their case/tray

The following steam sterilization method should be performed:

PROCEDURE	FRACTIONATED VACUUM PROCEDURE
Exposure Time	4 minutes
Temperature	132°C
Drying Time	30 minutes

#### STORAGE INSTRUCTIONS

1. Implants and instruments should be stored at room temperature.
2. Sterile, packaged instruments should be stored in a designated, limited access area that is well ventilated and provides protection from dust, moisture, insects, vermin, and temperature and humidity extremes.
3. Sterile instrument packages should be examined closely prior to opening to ensure that there has been no loss of package integrity.

These instructions have been validated by Flow-FX, LLC as being capable of preparing manual orthopaedic surgical instruments for re-use. It is the responsibility of the reprocessor to ensure that reprocessing is performed using the appropriate equipment and materials, and those personnel in the reprocessing facility have been adequately trained in order to achieve the desired result. Any deviation by the reprocessor from these instructions should be properly evaluated for effectiveness to avoid potential adverse consequences.



Federal law restricts this device to sale by or on order of a physician.

#### MANUFACTURER CONTACT INFORMATION

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*Patented - [www.Flow-Fx.net](http://www.Flow-Fx.net)*

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